"Internet and Socio-Cultural Transformations in Information Society"

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Reflections on the Information Society

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Introduction

- What does the term "Information Society" mean?
- In what sense does the "Information Society" really exist?
- Today all countries declare that they create together the Global Information Society (GIS).

Introduction

 "Information Society" as one step on a stairway of technological progress:

Information Society

Industrial Society

(according to RAS Full Member V.S. Stiopin)

- Traditional: reproduces the available models of activity.
 - Technogenic: changes models of activity by searching for and application of new technologies.
- Technogenic civilization evolved from traditional Western civilization in West Europe about 500 years ago.

Cultural-genetic code of technogenic civilization:

- the person is intended for activity;
- the nature is an ordered **field of objects** (available to scientific knowledge and technological change);
- priority is given to an ideal of the individual's free identity which has equal rights with others and can join in different social communities;
 - innovation and progress values;
- the power is more **over objects**, than the power over people.

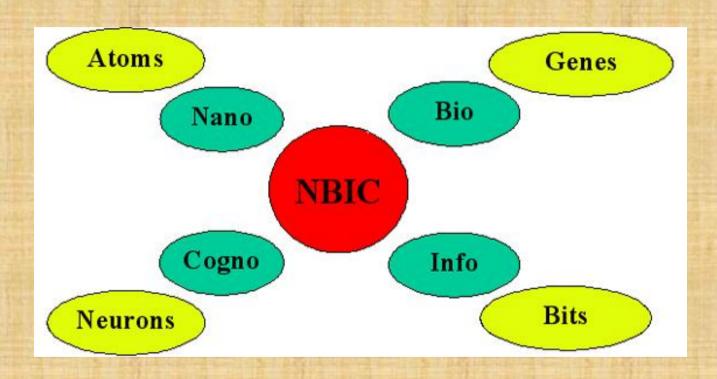
- The technogenic civilization changes traditional civilizations. It draws them into an orbit of its own technological development.
- Earlier: military captures and colonization.
- Today: catch-up modernization.

- The end of 20th century. A new cycle of **penetration** of technogenic civilization is the development of *Information and Communications Technology (ICT)*.
- The mechanism of this expansion is: 1) to gain technological advantage in competitive fight between the countries of "kernel" of technogenic civilization; 2) to apply this advantage to real life at global level with the help of international political institutions.

The global Information Society as a political reality

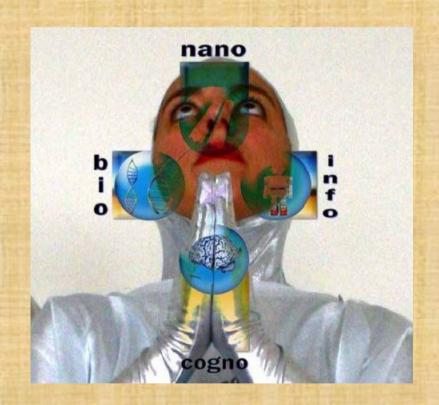
- Not all countries in the world took part in the creation of the basis of a new information reality at the early stages (1980s-1990s).
- UNESCO's position: "Information Society" –
 is only a technological base for building a humanoriented "Knowledge Society" (67th chapter of
 Geneva WSIS "Declaration of Principles", 2003).
- UNESCO World Report "Towards Knowledge Societies" (2005).

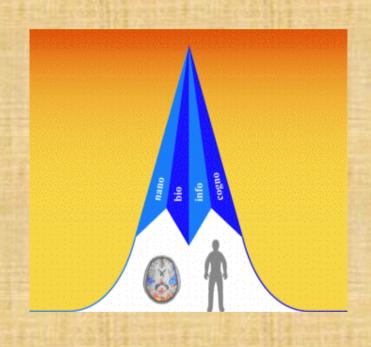
- The idea of the creation of the humanoriented "Knowledge society" contradicts the technogenic civilization's value system. It is focused not on internal improvement, but on active transformation of the world.
- We are standing on the threshold of a new technological revolution.



 Converging nano-bio-info-cognitive (NBIC) technologies.

The purpose of NBIC-technologies is to improve (enhance)
 Human Performance.
 It means technology ruling over human nature (both body and mind).





Mihail C. Roco and William Sims Bainbridge, eds. "Converging **Technologies for Improving Human Performance.** Nanotechnology, biotechnology, information technology and cognitive science" (2002). Report commissioned by the U.S. National Science Foundation and Department of Commerce.

"If the *Cognitive Scientists* can think it, the *Nano* people can build it, the *Bio* people can implement it, and the *IT* people can monitor and control it" (by Roco and Bainbridge, 2002).

- Report "Converging Technologies –
 Shaping the Future of European Societies" by Alfred Nordmann, Rapporteur (2004).
- European approach to NBIC-convergence:
 "CTEKS Converging Technologies for the European Knowledge Society".
- Mihail C. Roco. "Possibilities for global governance of converging technologies" (2008).



 Information and Communications Technology (ICT) as a tool of transition to a new technological way.

Conclusion

- The concept of "Information Society" is losing relevance. It is being replaced with "Knowledge Society".
- Will "Knowledge Society" be technocratic or humanistic?
- The future is not so much predicted today, but it is more projected (designed) and practically implemented.

Thank you for your attention!